AII'S FAMOUS MELONS MAY ONCE MORE FLOURISH

elared on the melon fly, the pernicious little insect that makes the growing of the juicy melon, the luscious cantaloupe, the crisp cucumber next to impossible on a profitable scale in Hawaii. The Board of Agriculture and Forestry is going after the scalp of the pest, and if its hopes and expectations are carried out, this Territory will soon be an unhealthful place for the melon fly.

The announcement which will bring joy to the heart of the melon lover and hope to the soul of the truck-farmer was made at the meeting of the Board of Agriculture and Forestry yesterday afternoon by Entomologist Jacob Kotinsky, who stated that two parasites have been received here recently which it is hoped will prove to be an implacable enemy of the pest that now ren-ders it necessary to stand over a melon wine with a fan to keep the insects off if the plant is to bear. If the parasites do the work that is hoped of them, it will no longer be necessary to cover cucumber vines over with mosquito net-ting to keep the long, green vegetable from being destroyed.

The parasites were received here from Anstralia a few weeks ago on the Aorangi, being collected by George Comperel, searcher for beneficial insects for West Australia and California, and forwarded by the Department of Agriculture of West Australia. They are para-sites of the fruit fly, one of the worst he would look into the matter and see pests that Australia has to contend if there is any reason for apprehenwith, and the eggs were sent in the bodies of the fruit flies. Precautions were accordingly taken to prevent the fruit flies from escaping after they reached Honolulu, as should they establish themselves here they might prove to be a worse pest than even the melon

fly. Entomologist Kotinsky explained that Entomologist Rotinsky explained that it is as yet too soon to predict results, but one of the parasites is apparently doing well, and if it attacks the maggets of the melon fly, as it is hoped it will, and proves to be a primary instead of a secondary parasite, relief from the effects of the melon fly is to

The parasites, Mr. Kotinsky explained, come from India, which is hopeful, as there they must have fed on and bred in insees similar in nature to the melon fly. The life cycle of the most promising parasite, Mr. Kotinsky said, is about two weeks, so in that length of time he ought to know what is to be

expected from it.
"In this connection," said the entomologist, "I wish to impress upon the community the importance of destroy-ing by burning all material that is known to be infested with the melon fly. Such material merely forms a hothed for the further propagation of the

"The other day I found in an aban-doned garden on King street thousands of cucumbers and millions of maggots enough to supply the city and the vieriginally belonged to a Chinese, who was compelled to abandon it because the owner raised his rent. If people would take the precaution to destroy all infested material, they would be saved much annoyance and loss."

In reply to a question by Superin-tendent Marston Campbell, Mr. Kotinsky stated that the Board has authority to take charge of infested premises and destroy all material which contains the fruit fly. Upon the basis of this state-ment, H. M. von Holt moved that the Board take immediate action to enforce Chapter 28 of the Revised Laws, the

BABY'S TERRIBLE

Itching Humor Broke Out on Tiny Mite's Cheeks-Would Tear His Face Till Blood Streamed Down Unless Hands were Bandaged-Spent \$50 on Useless Treatments.

CURED BY CUTICURA AT COST OF BUT \$1.50



"When my little boy was two and a half months old he broke out on both cheeks with ecgema. It was the iteh, watery kind and we had to keep his little hands wrapped up all the time, and if he would happen to get them uncovered he would claw his face till the blood streamed down on his clothing. We called in a physician at once, but he gave an ointment which was so severe that my babe would scream when a was put on. We changed doctors and medicines until we had spent fifty dollars or more and baby was getting worse. I was so worn out watching and caring for him night and day that I almost felt sure the disease was incurable. But finally reading of the good results of the Cuticura Remedies, I determined to try them. I can truthfully say I was more than surprised, for I bought only a dollar and a half's worth of the Cuticura Remedies (Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pille), and they did more good than ail my doctors' medicines I had tried, and in fact entirely sured him. I will send you a photograph taken when he was fifteen months old and you can see his face is perfectly slear of the least spot or sear of anything. If I ever have this troutle again. I will never think of doctoring but will send for the Cuticura Remedies at once. As it is, I would never think of using any other than Cuticura Soap for my babe. You are at filterly to publish this, it may help some distressed mother as I was helped. Mrs. W. M. Comers, hunt Cubins, Pa., Sept. 15, 1905.

Fellows State Chellows Book of the state of the says and mother as I was helped. Mrs. W. M. Comers, hunt Cubins, Pa., Sept. 15, 1905.

War, war to the death, has been de-ared on the melon fiv. the pernicious mentioned authority, the idea being to cause the destruction of all infested encumber fields. This motion carried cucumber fields.

Koa Trees Dying,

will be a mighty serious thing for the islands," he said, "if this is true. The ground feed industry is just getting started and should be a big industry, but if this caterpillar is really attacking the flowers of the algaroba, the dry lands might as well go out of busi-

Mr. Isenberg moved that the tomologist be instructed to look into the matter immediately. The Board so instructed Mr. Kotinsky. The latter stated that he had observed caterpillars working in the blossoms of algaroba, but so far as he had noticed, they were only the blossoms that had already fallen, and if it were the same insect of which Mr. Isenberg spoke, there is no evidence upon which to condemn it as injurious. However,

In this connection, Mr. Kotinsky stated that Dr. Wilcox has imported a parasite which is attacking the alga-roba weevil. "I think," he said 'that we are fortunate in having Dr. Wilcox to take up the work of in-troducing beneficial parasites, as the Federal government is financially able to do the work on a much larger scale for the bean weevil is only the first of many which are to be brought here by Dr. Wilcox, who is putting up a special laboratory for the work."

Grass Prevents Fires.

The Board, upon suggestion of Mr. Isenberg, decided to put a stop to the cutting of honohone grass (Wandering Jew) on the slopes of Tantalus. Mr. Isenberg stated that this grass is only just getting a good start and that it should be let alone until is well established. The honobono grass, he said, will not eatch fire, and it will in time not only preserve the moisure in the ground, but will prevent conflagrations on the mountain. The Jap-anese and Portuguese, he said, have been cutting it and carrying it away by wagon loads,

Smyrna Figs in Hawaii. Bugs formed the most fruitful sub-

ject for discussion during the meeting of the Board. Mr. Kotinsky mentioned another beneficial insect from which much is hoped for the good of the Territory. This is the Blastophaga, the wasp the presence of which necessary for the production of Smyrna figs. This little insect was imported into California some years ago ago from Asia Minor and was the cause of the great success that has been experienced in that state in the growing of figs.
Unlike the commoner varieties, the

Smyrna fig is not capable of produc-tion alone. It needs the presence of the Capri fig, which though not fit for eating, yet produces the pollen to fer-tilize the Smyrna. But this pollen can not be transferred from one plant to the other except through the activities of the Blastophaga, an insect which lives in the Capri fig but lays its eggs in the Smyrna fig. Going from one plant to the other, it carries with it the pollen, which fertilizes the female or Smyrna fig and causes it to reach maturity. Otherwise it falls off voung.

A colony of the Blastophaga brought to Hawaii from California, though the good offices of W. T. Swin-gle, of the Department of Agriculture at Washington, Mr. Kotinsky said that yesterday he found a number of speci-mens of the fig fertilizing insect in the fig trees of the city and believed

that they are doing well here, The Federal department, he said, has established a fig orchard at Loomis, California, where both Capri and Smyrna figs are being grown for distribu-tion. Any citizen who wishes can get cuttings of the Capri fig and seedlings of the Smyrna by making application, A circular on fig growing and blank application for trees can be obtained from Mr. Swingle.

Reclamation Wanted.

Forester Hosmer and L. G. Black-man will represent the Territory at the Seventeenth National Irrigation Congress to be held at Spokane, Washington, August 9 to 14. A strong ef fort will be made by Hawaii's repre sentatives to have a resolution adopt ed by the Congress, recommending the extension to Hawaii of the work of the Reclamation Service. With this in view, Marston Campbell stated that he had written, asking that Mr. Hos-mer be given a prominent place on the program. Mr. Blackman will also do all he can to aid Hawaii at the Congress. Forester Hosmer has been granted leave of absence to attend the meetings of the Congress, the Board approving this action taken by Mr.

The usual routine work was transacted by the Board. Those present were Executive Officer Marston Camp. bell, Paul Isegberg, Forester Halph Hosmer, H. M. von Holt and Entomo-logist Jacob Kotinsky, Mr. Dowsett

ini Mr. Waterhouse being absent.
Mr. Campbell, reporting for the Pi-more Committee, stated that the Board is working along on the enabling act of a satisface will meet and apportion the funds to be derived from the Con- As

The Executive Officer also reported for Dr. Norgaard that all the material for the quarantine station has been purchased and that the building will oe finished and ready to turn over to

the Board within two weeks,
Forester Hosmer submitted a full
report of this work. The report in large part was as follows:

New Forest Reserves.

unanimously.

Paul Isenberg made the disconcerting four forest reserves of which mention was made in my report for May, the Mauna Kea Forest Reserve on Hawaii, the Waihou Spring Forest Reserve on Hawaii, the Waihou Spring Forest Reserve on Maui, and the trees are not bearing. "It will be a mighty serious thing for the street of the serious mather was brought will be a mighty serious thing for the street of the serious mather was brought will be a mighty serious thing for the street of the serious mather was brought will be a mighty serious thing for the street of the serious mather was brought to the attention of the Board by Mr. Isenberg, who stated that there is a report that some pest is attacking the algaroba flowers and destroying them, and the trees are not bearing. "It is connection with the forest exhibit I have prepared a short statement on Forestry in Hawaii, which has been my report for May, the Mauna Kea Forest Reserve on Maui, and which Spring Forest Reserve on Maui, and the Likue-Koloa and Moloaa Forest Reserve on Maui, and the Likue-Koloa and Moloaa Forest Reserve on Maui, and the Likue-Koloa and Moloaa Forest Reserve on Hawaii, which has been was neight page leaflet, for distribution at Seattle.

Wild Bird Law.

In connection with the forest exhibit I have prepared a short statement on Forestry in Hawaii, the Waihou Spring Forest Reserve on Maui, and at Seattle.

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Wild Bird Law.

In connection with the forest whibit I have prepared a short st On June 5th Governor Frear signed

hala District of Hawaii. A map has recently been completed by Mr. S. M. recently been completed by Mr. S. M. Kanakanui of the Survey office showing boundaries of the section proposed to be reserved and the areas of individual lands therein. This map will be of particular use in helping to affect a satisfactory settlement with the owners of private land within the proposed reserve.

Hon, H. L. Holstein, Speaker of the House of Representatives, is at present working on a plan of cooperation be-tween the plantation and the ranch owners in Kohala through which it is hoped the desired reservation may be affected. Within a comparatively short time I hope to be able to report that definite results have been accomplished.

Proposed Lumbering in Puna.

During the early part of the month I devoted considerable time to con-ferences with the Committee on Forstry and with the Governor in regard the proposition to lumber the of government land in the District of Puna, Island of Hawaii, situated mauka of the Kaohe homesteads above Pahoa. A report with recommendations on this matter was submitted to the Board under the date of June 1st and acted on at a meeting of the Board held on June 23.

From June 18-26 I was away from Honoiulu on a trip to the Island of Maui with the object of inspecting forest lands on Mt. Haleakala and arranging for tree planting on West Maui. In company with Mr. Louis von Tempsky, manager of the Haleakala Ranch, I visited and made a thorough examthe forest on the windward slopes of the outside of the crater of Mt. Hale-akala on the privately owned lands of Haiku and Kalialinui. There is some question of opening this area as a pad-dock of the Haleakala Ranch, for which purpose it is admirably adapted. But owing to the steep slope and the rapid erosion that would be likely to take place were the area overstocked, the question of holding this section as a forest reserve to be eventually got under a forest cover is one that should be seriously considered. My object in visiting this tract at this time was to be familiar with the facts of the case should any recovered by made looking to the asproposal be made looking to the ac-quirement of the area by the Govern-

During my stay on Maui I made a careful inspection of the excellent work in tree planting now being done by the Wailuku Sugar Company under the direction of its new manager, Mr. H. P. Penhallow. I also made provisional arrangements with Mr. Louis Weinzheimer, the new manager of the Pioneer plantation, in regard to tree planting about to be undertaken by that company.

Work at the Government Nursery. Mr. Haughs reports that during the

past six months, January 1 to June 30, 1909, trees have been distributed from the Government Nursery, as follows: Free Distribution, Forest Trees— Potted, 2500; in transplant boxes, 1560; in seed boxes, 3000. Ornamental -Potted, 150; total, 7210.

Forest Trees, Sold-Potted, 3722; in transplant boxes, 6250; in seed 39,000. Ornamental-Potted, 280; to tal, 49,252; grand total, 56,462.

Arrangements are being actively made whereby a large number of forest trees will be available for free distribution for Arbor Day planting in November, 1909, from the Government Nursery in Honolulu and especially from a number of subnurseries and distributing points that are being es-tablished in different parts of the Territory. A more definite statement in regard to this matter will be made next month but plans are already well in hand for this work

During the month labels giving the botanical and common name and the original locality have been attached to all the trees in the Government Nursery, making the garden of greater interest to visitors and other persons desiring to know about the local flora,

Experimental Garden, Makiki and Tantalus Forest. During the month satisfactory prog-

ress has been made in getting the ex-perimental garden at Makiki into shape for planting. Much remains to be done but several of the plots are now practically ready for the final

planting.
For one day in each week all the available men employed by the Divi-sion of Forestry have been put to work beating down and cutting the dead lantana along the main road and the trails through the Tantalus forest. this way the fire danger has materially reduced. Arrangements are now in hand for removing the dead wood from this forest, an operation which will at once increase its usefulness and add to its beauty.

Botanical Collection.

During the month of June Mr. J. F. Rock, the Botanical assistant of the division, has been on Hawaii, at Huebue, Punwanwan and the Parker Ranch collecting specimens of native trees and shrubs, seeds of indigenous plants and weeds on the open ranges on the cattle ranches. Mr. Rack has been able to secure a very considerable number of specimens so that his trip is decid-

one of accomplishment. Porest Views for Beattle.

arrive here from Portland, Oregon, in its relation to stream protection, the in its relation to stream protection, the other four were views of forest plantations. These transparencies properly labeled were on exhibition for a few days in the rooms of the Promotion Committee before being sent to Seattle with Mr. Bonine's other transparencies. They attracted much favorable comment as I believe they will at Seattle. The department is fortunate in securing the services of a man of Mr. Bonine's ability in getting this exhibit prepared.

prepared. In connection with the forest exhibit

Territorial police officers calling their attention to the change in the law in order that the law may be better exe-

SITE FOR VOLCANO STATION IS CHOSEN

The special committee of the Chamber of Commerce appointed some time ago to get subscriptions for the establishment of the scientific observatory at Kilauea volcano, which required a guarantee of \$5000 for five years, has already received subscriptions to the amount of \$3450, leaving \$1550 per annum to be provided for.

Professor Jaggar, who represents the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, left for Boston yesterday per the Mon golia, to complete arrangements with the Institute for the establishment of the observatory. Meanwhile, his asso-ciate in the department of geology, Professor Reginald Daly, is at the vol-cano, and will remain there during the summer studying the situation not only at Kilman. at Kilauea, but on the mountains of Mauna Kea and Mauna Loa and the heights of Hualalai, with a view to future work.

Professor Jaggar plans, if the guar antce fund of \$5000 is raised, to return here in October, accompanied by the specialists who will remain permanently in charge of the station. Both Profes-sors Jaggar and Daly are enthusiastic at the prospect of an early establish ment of the plant and are gratified at the liberal support promised by the citizens of Honolulu in behalf of their

Professor Jaggar has proposed to the Volcano House Company that it lease to the Institute for quarters for the observatory station, one of its cottages, or, preferably, erect a new one, which will be occupied by the staff for a year or two until they know better where they want the permanent quarters to be erected. The Volcano House Company is favorably impressed with the proposition.

DEATH OF LITTLE GIRL

A live wire lying in the Kalia road caused the death yesterday morning of Kema Kahoohuli, a ten-year-old Hawaiian girl who lived with her grandparents at Waikiki.

The wire had fallen from a pole and was picked up by the little one who could not understand, even after she had been warned by a boy companion to leave it alone, that the innnocent looking strand of metal had death in it. The boy had turned his back for

a minute when he heard the little girl fall to the ground, and when he reached her, she was unconscious. His cries brought the neighbors and some one telephoned for the police and to the Hawaiian Electric Company, Linemen were sent out and the little girl was released and taken to the residence of A. M. Brown, in front of which the accident had occurred. Dr. Hoffmann was sent for but the child was dead when he arrived, though she was liv ing when taken into the house. The burned.

The body of the child was removed to the morgue and a coroner's jury was summoned by Sheriff Jarrett.

The grandfather of the little one with whom she was living, is S. K. Puuku, a painter. Her parents are both on the island of Hawaii.

At 10:15 last night the coroner's jury, consisting of E. B. Keala, Isaac L. Cockett, A. C. Dowsett, J. W. Kahaumia, H. P. K. Malulani and Moses Mahelona, returned a verdict to the ef fect that the girl, Kema Kahoohuli came to her death "from severe burns by the falling of a kinwe branch through heavy wind prevailing.

KELLOG-HACKADOON.

Mr. L. G. Kellogg returned from the Coast on the Hilonian with his bride, tional Bank of Los Angeles. Owing to quick, only close friends and the family being present. The ceremony was per-formed by Dr. Charles Edward Lock, paster of the First Methodist Epis-copal church.

Funds to be derived from the Conservation Act.

As a part of the exhibit of the Biyision of Forestry for the Alaska Yaton Facine Exposition at Scattle, Mr.
Beautre of the United States, has been
secured as an assistant to Forester
Hosney, at a satary of \$1400, and will
Hawaii, four showing the native forest

Forest Views for Beattle.

As a part of the exhibit of the Biyision of Forestry for the Alaska Yaton Facine Exposition at Scattle, Mr.
Beattle, Mr.
Campbell stated that C. S. Judd,
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CAMPBELL AND M'CLELLAN KEEPING HARD AT WORK

By Ernest G. Walker.

(Mail Special to the Advertiser.) WASHINGTON, June 24 .- Only two items of particular Hawaiian interest have occurred here in recent days. One is the action of the Senate yesterday in putting a duty of one-half cent a pound on pineapples in barrels and other packages and \$8 a thousand in bulk. The other is the visit of Mr. A. J. Campbell to make arrangements for the transportation of immigrants from Europe into Hawaii.

Some days ago Mr. Campbell cabled the result of a visit to President Taft. This visit made in company with Mr. George B. McClellan, was especially satisfactory. The President not only evinced an interest in the plans for getting European immigrants into the islands, but showed that he was familiar with the subject in its different bearings. He promised Mr. Campbell his help and cooperation, but made it plain that the arrangements must be perfected through the Department of Commerce and Labor. It is the Presidents declared policy to leave the de-partments and the work that belongs to them to their respective cabinet heads

Having been thus assured of the

Having been thus assured of the President's interest, Mr. Campbell has been negotiating with the officials of the Department of Justice. There has been considerable preliminary work to dispose of. Copies of the territorial laws authorizing an additional income tax and other evidence showing that the territory is prepared to meet the the territory is prepared to meet the expense of the transportation of the immigrants have been placed before the department and questions filed with Assistant Secretary McHarg, answers to which will define more clearly than the transfer of the transfer than heretofore the scope of the ter-ritory's activities in obtaining immigrants. He is expecting final information on these subjects almost daily and probably will be in town for the best part of a week yet. In the mean-time Mr. Campbell is gathering some additional ideas about the transporta-tion question but, on that, he hardly looks for anything final till be reaches London where he can make terms with men who have ships to charter or who can make close figures on transporta- not be attempted.

tion by way of the Tehuantepee route, The action of the Senate yesterday, of course, does not cover canned pine-apples, in which Hawaii is very much interested. That is the point over which Mr. McClellan has been having interested. his big fight with the Finance Com-mittee. There has been an evident intention to ignore Hawaiian interests in the canned pineapple industry but Mr. McClellan has been resisting that to the utmost. For example, certain members of the Finance Committee and also certain members of the Board of Appraisers insisted that pineapples were never canned with less than 25 per cent of sugar. No statement by Mr. McClellan would dissuade them from that view. Thereupon he wrote to New York and secured the official figures on sugar content of canned pineapple imports there. This utterly confounded the senators and the ap-praisers who had been contending to

the contrary.

However, whatever may be the outcome over the canned pineapple rates, the rates adopted yesterday are very satisfactory. The Florida people won with their case against the opposition of the Baltimore canneries and of other interests. The question was carried 34 to 30 and is the first time during the history of the present tariff bill in the Senate that an amendment won as against an amendment of the Fi-nance Committee. Senator Root, who was one of the strongest opponents of the Florida rate, pleaded for justice to Cuba and claimed that the enactment of that provision into law would, in spirit, be violative of the reciprocity treaty. Probably it is too much to expect that the Florida provision will

be retained in conference.

The duties on sulphate of ammonia, used in fertilizer, which concern the Hawaiian sugar planters, is still unsettled but will probably be reached by tomorrow or next day. The House put that article on the free list and it now looks as though it would stay on the free list. Some Boston interests are working strongly for a duty of two-tenths of one per cent, but this is opposed by the agricultural interests of the country. Senator Aldrich ests of the country. Senator Aldrich has been giving the Boston people lit-tle comfort of late and seems to think that the restoration of the duty should

BOYS AT EXPOSITION LAP HAWAIIAN SUGAR HOUSE

such as shown in one of the scenes from the "Ginger Bread Man" is building as one of the exhibits of Hawaii at the exposition. So toothsome is the palace that the workmen have difficulty in keeping ahead of the visitors who break off pieces of the structure and eat CAUSED BY LIVE WIRE it. Small boys passing the sugar it. Small boys passing the sugar tongues and the result is that by night considerable of the sugar is missing.

The sugar palace is 25x27 feet and 14 feet high. It is a replica in sugar of the royal palace of Hawaii which is

now used by the territorial government, The framework is of wood, but the exposed surfaces are covered with sugar of various grades. The raw brown sugar appears to be most popular with the visitors, who take a taste of the palace in passing, and, luckily, the Ha-

SEATTLE, June 24 .- A sugar palace | that commodity. The brown sugar is moistened with water and plastered on that it appeals to the crowds.

> H. P. Wood, of the Promotion Committee, has received a picture postal from Mannie Phillips on the front of which he writes under date of June 26 from Seattle, "Was in the Hawaii exhibit this afternoon and there was a larger crowd there than in any other

and that, the strike was started by the Japanese merchants, retail and wholesale, of the city of Honolulu, and that the strike has been continued by them until this day. It seems to me your views on the question are logically to say that so one except the Japanese merchants in Honolulu is responsible for the strike, and this is the very point on which I cannot agree with the sour opinion. your opinion.

I do believe that, instead of the Japanese merchants in Honolulu, the plan-ters and the laborers are responsible for starting the strike, and that the general community is responsible for continuing the strike until this day. came to her death "from severe burns to the right hand and left side, said burns being caused by her coming in contact with a live electric wire of the Hawaiian Electric Company on Kalandar and the head of Keiki lane, said electric wire being accidentally broken by the falling of a kiawe branch through heavy wind prevailing.

Continuing the strike until this day. One must know why the strike occurred. The strike occurred because the demands made by the laborers were resonable (1 am not sure of it). Granting the strike occurred because the demands made by the laborers were unreasonable than the demands were unreasonable, there ought to have been some ways to prevent the strike occurred. of the planters. Wise planters would never miss the chance to soothe the discontented laborers.

From the beginning of the strike, the planters have not shown any good will towards the laborers to settle the Mrs. Adele Hull Hackadoon. The wedding took place on June 25 in Los Angeles at the palatial residence of Mr. M. J. Monnette, one of California's influential millionaires. Mrs. Monnette, who is a sister of the bride, visited her here in March; they being summoned to the Coast by the death of their brother, Mr. J. C. F. Hull, Vice President of the American National Bank of Los Angeles. Owing to or which is wrong, but both the planters and the laborers should be respensible for the strike. In other word, it might be said that the direct cause of the strike is due to the lack of the spirit of conciliat on between the planters and the laborers. And no one is responsible for the strike except the two conflicting parties, the planters and the laborers.

the walls, just as mortar is used to plaster an ordinary building. When the sugar dries it becomes hard and a piece can be removed only with considerable effort. It is when the sugar is soft Great crystals of sugar will be used to represent jewels in the making of the palace, so that when it is finished it will be gorgeous in its coloring. PHILLIPS IN SEATTLE.

palace in passing, and, luckily, the Hawaiian commission has an abundance of the music and everyone is kept busy."

Honolulu, July 6, 1905. Editor Advertiser: I was much interested in reading your editorial, "Re-sponsibility for the strike," which appeared on your paper yesterday morn

I am sorry, however, to say that my views in regard to the strike question are not in accordance with yours. You

FROM A JAPANESE STANDPOINT. no doubt that the strike is justified the legal and the economic points of view, as it is the only weapon to the labor to protect itself against the encroachment of the capital. But, see ing from the standpoint of the general community, no strike has been bene-ficial to the general community. There is no country in the world, where the general society has been made good by the strike. Especially in such a com-munity as Hawaii, where the social structure shows so peculiar condition that the whole community depends upon the sugar industry, nothing has been more dreadful to the general community than the strike on the plantations, and naturally the whole community must feel the responsibility to settle the strike or to try to do something with the strike or to try to do something with view of settling the strike. In this sense, you are right in saying that the Japanese merchants of Honolulu are responsible for the continuation of are responsible for the continuation of the strike. But, is it not pitiful to blame only the Japanese merchants of Honolulu for keeping the strike up? Are there not any other persons who are more qualified to settle the difficulty? Are there not any Christian ministers in town to step in and try to conciliate the conflicting parties, the planters and the laborers? Is it not the proper way to the press, instead of calling the strikers "Thugs and Agitators," to discuss and show how the strike can be settled or how the difficulty between the planters and the laculty between the planters and the la-borers can be remedied?

borers can be remedied?

One word more. I believe that no decent man can deny the justification of the principle of the higher wages. And it is true that the Japanese merchants of Honolulu are all in favor of the principle of the higher wages. But is it not too hastened judgment to say that the Japanese merchants of Honolulu kept the strike, simply because they stand up to the cause of the higher wages?

I remain, yours respectfully.

I remain, yours respectfully, KEIKICHI ISHIDA.

A CERTAIN CURE FOR BOWEL COMPLAINT.

When attacked with diarrhoca or howel complaint you want a medicine that acts quickly. The attack is always sudden, generally severe and with increasing pain. Chamberlain's Colle, Cholera and Diarrhoen Remedy has never been known to fall. For sale by all dealers, Bensen, Smith & Co., agents